



Stony soil moisture dynamics and impacts for meso-scale soil moisture sensors

Haly Neely¹, David Hatch¹, Ieyasu Tokumoto², James Heilman¹, Susan Schwinning³

> ¹Texas A&M University, College Station, TX ²Saga University, Saga, Japan ³Texas State University, San Marcos, TX

Stony (Rocky) Soils

Coarse fragments (> 2 mm)

Shape and size ¹ Spherical, cubelike, or equiaxial:	Noun	Adjective	
2-75 mm diameter	Pebbles	Gravelly	
2-5 mm diameter	Fine	Fine gravelly	
5-20 mm diameter	Medium	Medium gravelly	
20-75 mm diameter	Coarse	Coarse gravelly	
75-250 mm diameter	Cobbles	Cobbly	
250-600 mm diameter	Stones	Stony	
>600 mm diameter	Boulders	Bouldery	
Flat:			
2-150 mm long	Channers	Channery	
150-380 mm long	Flagstones	Flaggy	
380-600 mm long	Stones	Stony	
>600 mm long	Boulders	Bouldery	

1. The roundness of the fragments may be indicated as angular (strongly developed faces with sharp edges), irregular (prominent flat faces with incipient rounding or corners), subrounded (detectable flat faces with well-rounded corners), and rounded (flat faces absent or nearly absent with all corners.

Stony (Rocky) Soils

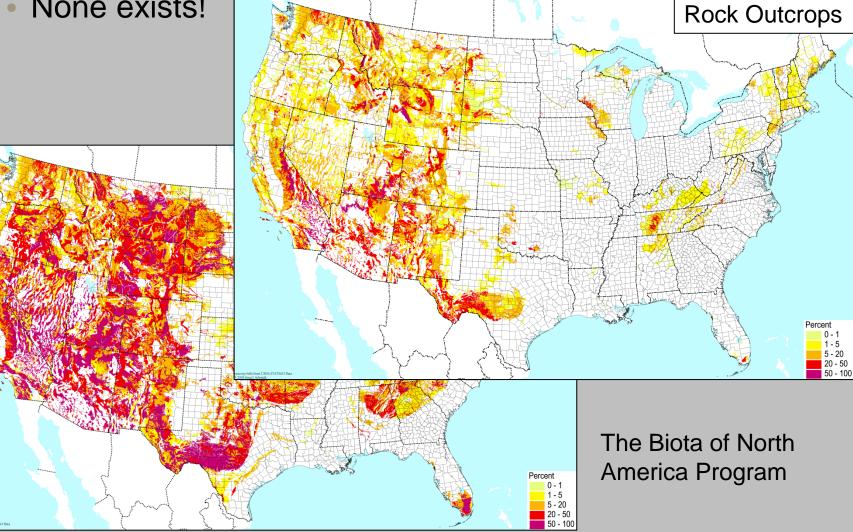
Coarse fragments (> 2 mm)

Class	Percentage	Distance in meters between stones			Name
		0.25 m¹	0.6 m	1.2 m	
1	0.01 - 0.1	At least 8	At least 20	At least 37	Stony or bouldery
2	0.1 - 3.0	1 - 8	3 - 20	6 - 37	Very stony or very bouldery
3	3.0 - 15	0.5 - 1	1 - 3	2 - 6	Extremely stony or extremely bouldery
4	15 - 50	0.3 - 0.5	0.5 - 1	1 - 2	Rubbly
5	50 - 90	< 0.3	< 0.5	<1	Very rubbly
1. 0.38 m if flat					

Stony (Rocky) Soils

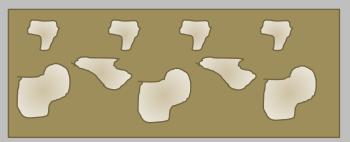
Map from NRCS

None exists!



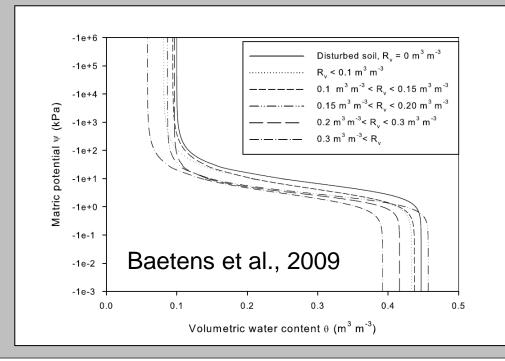
Moisture dynamics in stony soils

Loss in active volume of soil (not always true)



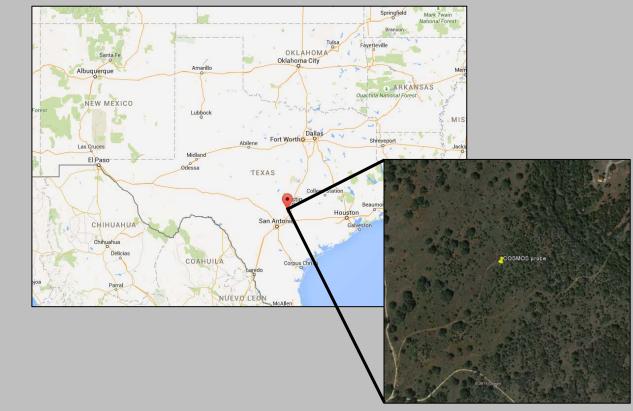


• Effects on moisture release curve



Freeman Ranch

- Stony (rocky) soil
 - Gravelly clay loam (23-30% clay in surface horizons)
- 91 cm (35.8 inches) annual rainfall
- Juniper and mesquite encroachment



Previous work: Motivation

 Changes in water balance due to woody encroachment

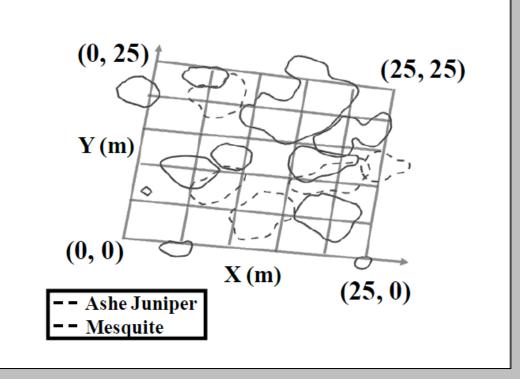


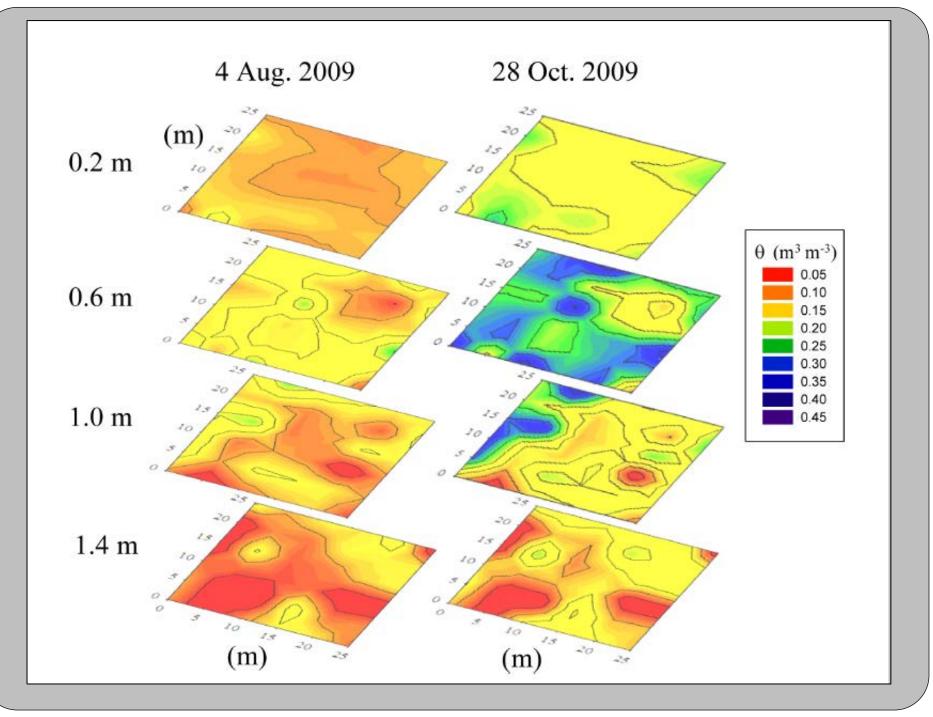


Previous work

- Water budget
 - Neutron moisture meter measurements
 - 5-m grid





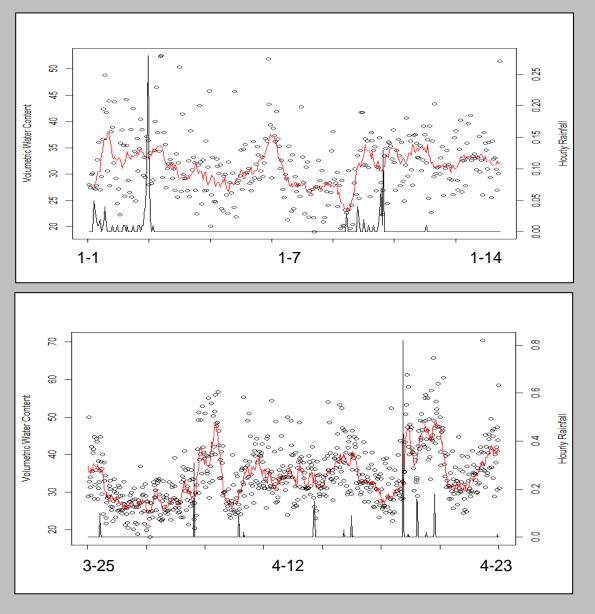


COSMOS Surface Soil Moisture Sensors

- Surface soil moisture sensor
- 600-m diameter



COSMOS Observations



Big Questions:

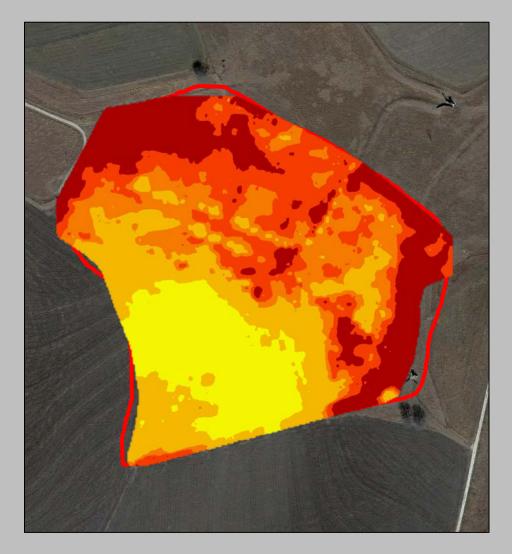
- How does precipitation affect COSMOS probes?
- Sample site selections and scaling
- Can we map coarse fragments?
 - Are coarse fragments tied to vegetation, and if so, can we use vegetation instead?

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Methods

- Soil cores
 - Expensive
 - Time-consuming
- Soil sensors
 - Remote vs.
 proximal
 - Surfing vs. diving
 - Contact vs. noncontact



Soil Sensors

- Proximal sensors
 - EM (electromagnetic induction)

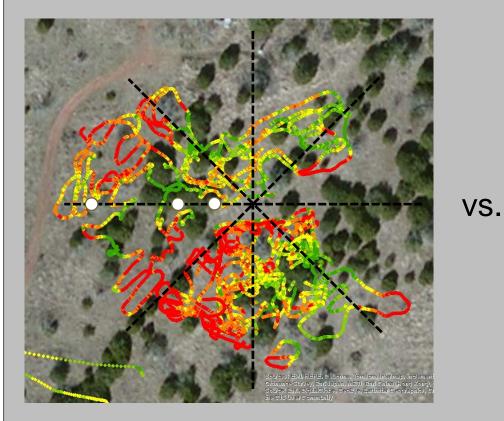
ERT (electrical resistivity tomography)

Passive gamma-ray spectrometry

Vis-NIR penetrometer



Sampling site selection



Long-term projects

- Soil moisture dynamics of stony soils
 - Other methods to map coarse fragments
- Integrating soil science into land surface modeling
- Scaling soil moisture information cosmos Rover
 - Spatial and temporal

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	Return to Search Results	<u>Previous Job</u> <u>Next Job></u>			
	✓ f ¥ in + ∞ ⊕				
A PhD graduate research assistantship is available beginning Fall Semester 2015, or Spring Semester 2016, with the Department of Soil and Crop Sciences at Texas A&M University in the ara of meso-scale soil moisture. The project will focus on creating rapid calibration procedures for an innovative surface soil moisture ensor to answer questions of spatial and temporal soil moisture dynamics. Applicants should hold a BS or MS in Soil Science or a related field. Preference will be given to applicants seeking to enroll in a PhD program or to those seeking to enroll in an MS program who have a desire to pursue a doctoral degree. Experience with instrumentation, computer programming, and analytical skills are preferred but not required. Expected outcomes include publication of research in a peer-reviewed journal, presentation of research at local and mational meetings, field and laboratory experience, and mentoring undergraduate and graduate students. This graduate research assistantship is supported by the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences and US citizenship is required. Inquiries regarding this GRA should be directed to Dr. Haly Neely, hneely@ag.tamu.edu, Ph: 979-458-2747.					

Thank you!